

Cut up techniques in Endocrine pathology

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- Thyroid
- Parathyroid
 - Adrenal

Thyroid Hyroid Bone-Cricothyroid Ligament Thyroid Cartilage Cricoid Cartilage Thyroid Gland Left Lobe Right Lobe Trachea . Isthmus







- Cysts (rapidly expanding or refilling)
- Hyperplastic nodule
- Multinodular goitre
- Graves disease
- Hashimoto's thyroiditis

- THY3 nodule (diagnostic lobectomy)
- Adenoma
- Carcinoma
- Other tumours

'Lymphoma'



Thyroid – types of specimen

- Lobectomy
- Lobectomy with isthmus / pyramidal lobe (hemithyroidectomy)
- Sub-total thyroidectomy
- Total thyroidectomy









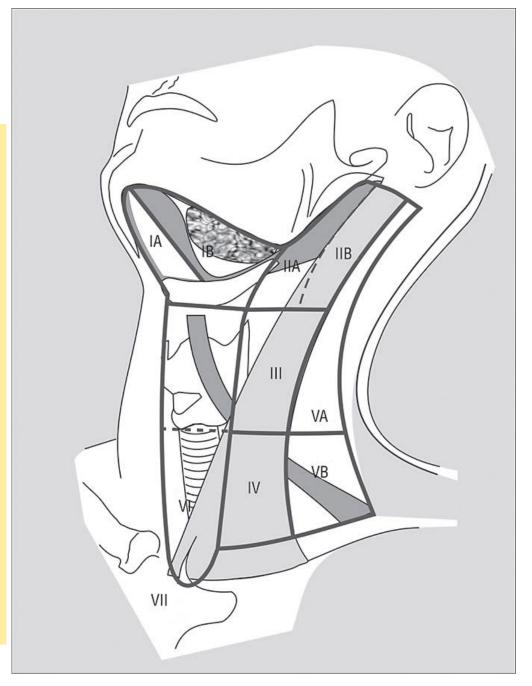


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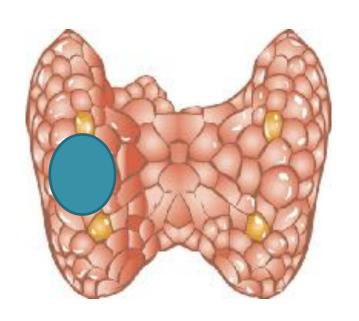


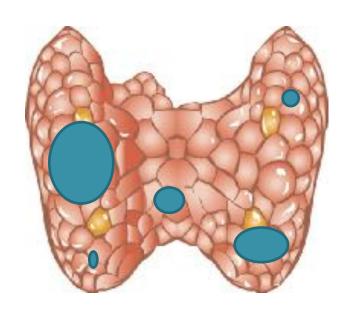


- Central compartment
 - Level 6 (prelaryngeal [Delphian], paralaryngeal & paratracheal)
- Level 7 (sup mediastinal)
- Selective / Functional neck dissection
- Modified neck
 dissection (internal jugular
 vein and/or SCM muscle
 spared)
- Radical neck dissection



Unifocal vs Multifocal







Thyroid staging – UICC/TNM7

- pTX: Cannot be assessed
- pT0: No evidence of primary tumor
- pT1: Tumor size 2 cm or less, limited to thyroid
 - **pTla:** Tumor I cm or less in greatest dimension
 - pTIb: Tumor > I cm but not more than 2 cm in greatest dimension
- pT2: Tumor > 2 cm, but not more than 4 cm, limited to thyroid
- pT3: Tumor > 4 cm limited to thyroid or any tumor with minimal extrathyroid extension (eg, extension to sternothyroid muscle or perithyroid soft tissues)
- pT4a: Tumor of any size extending beyond the thyroid capsule to invade subcutaneous soft tissues, larynx, trachea, esophagus or recurrent laryngeal nerve
- pT4b: Tumor invades prevertebral fascia or encases carotid artery or mediastinal vessels

Anaplastic Carcinoma

- pT4a: Intrathyroidal anaplastic carcinoma—surgically resectable
- pT4b: Extrathyroidal anaplastic carcinoma—surgically unresectable

Regional Lymph Nodes

- pNX: Cannot be assessed
- pN0: No regional lymph node metastasis
- pNIa:

Nodal metastases to Level VI lymph nodes (pretracheal, paratracheal and prelaryngeal/Delphian)

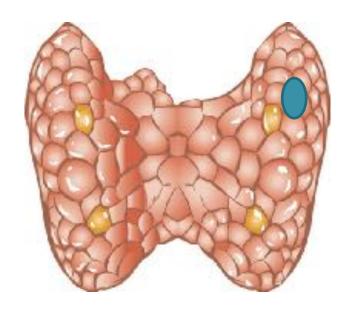
pNIb:

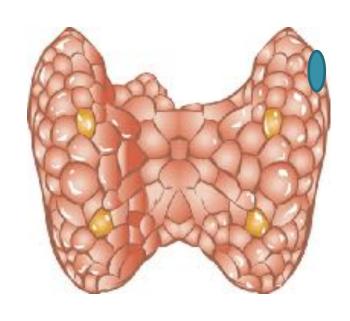
Metastases to unilateral, bilateral or contralateral cervical (Levels I, II, III, IV, V) or retropharyngeal or superior mediastinal lymph nodes (Level VII).

Distant Metastasis

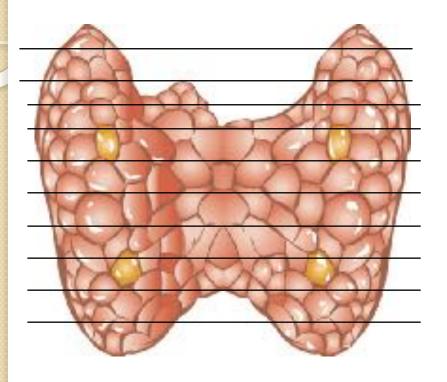
pMI: Distant metastasis

pTI vs pT3

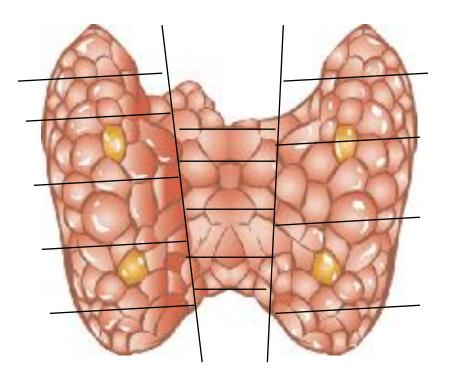








- Measure
- Ink
- Slicing for fixation



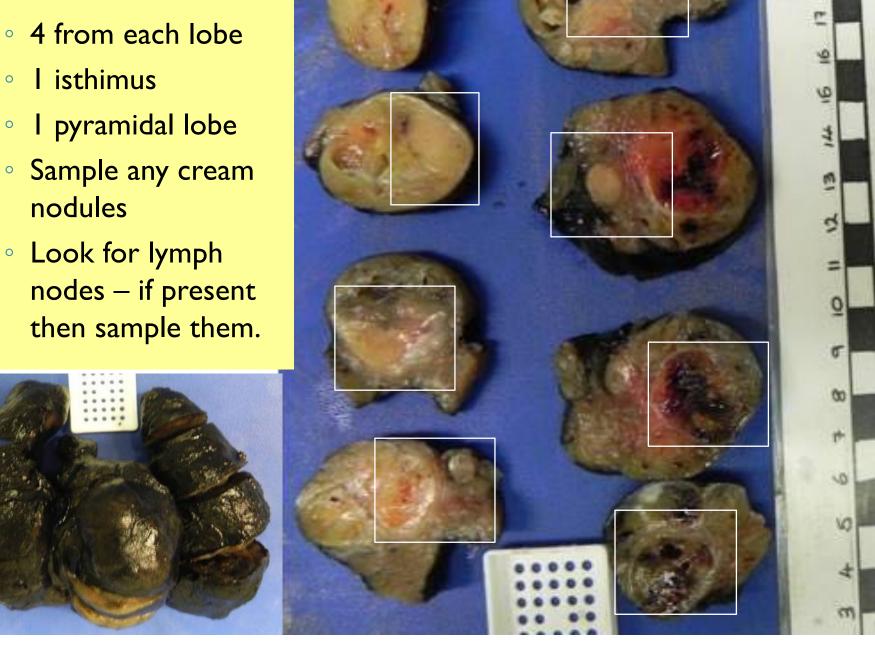
How to cut up



Blocks

Multinodular Goitre

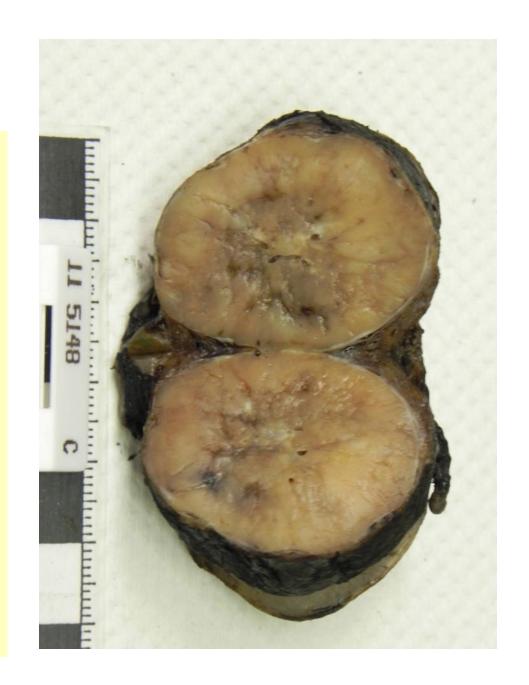
- Look for lymph



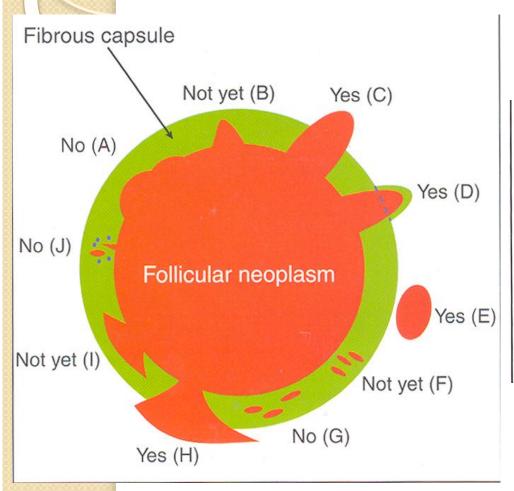


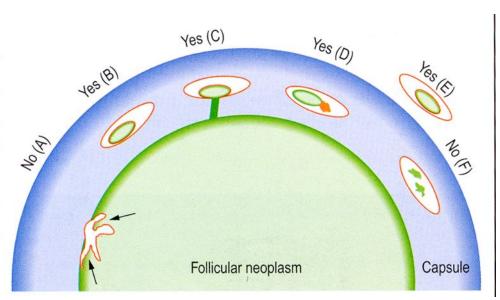
Diagnostic lobectomy for a solitary nodule

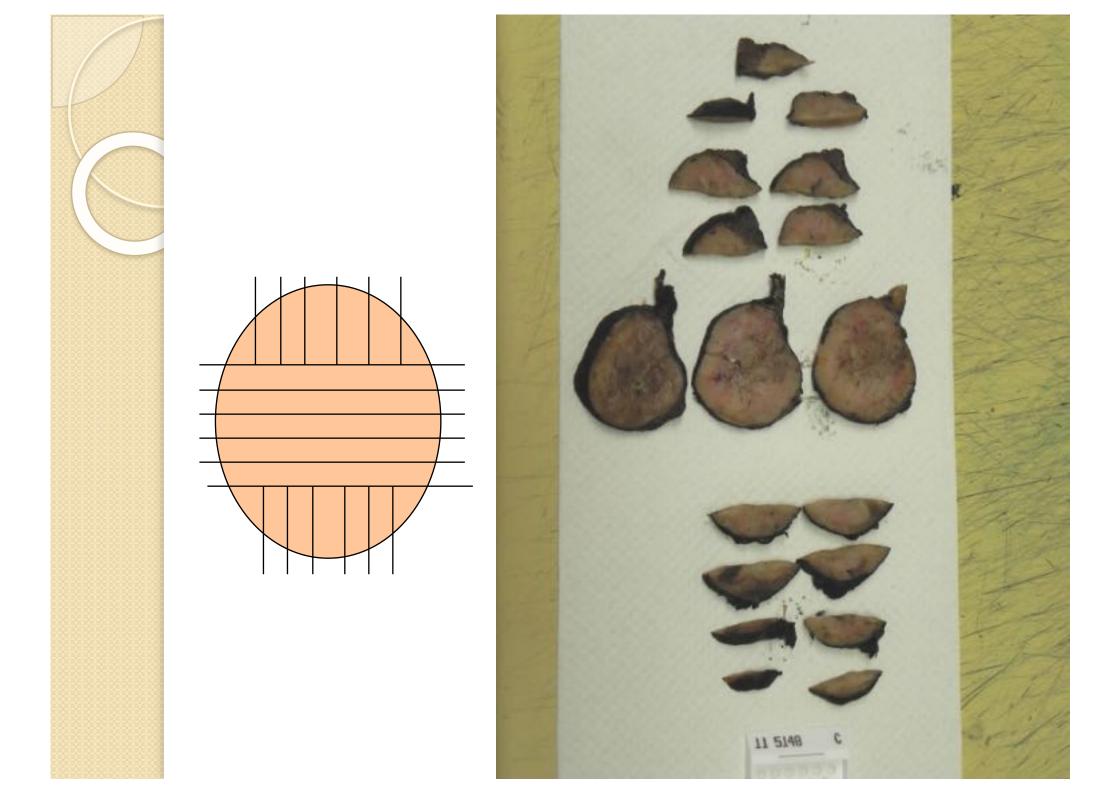
- <2 cms sample entire nodule
- > 2 cms representative sections of lesion – sample entire capsular region if neoplasm



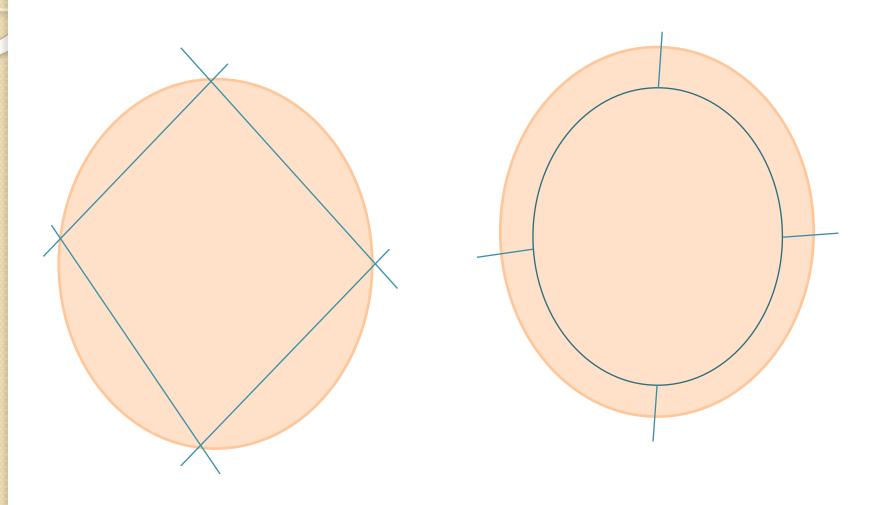








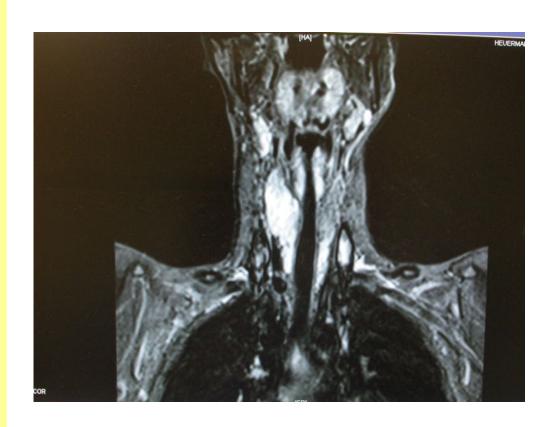
Larger nodules – capsule sampling techniques

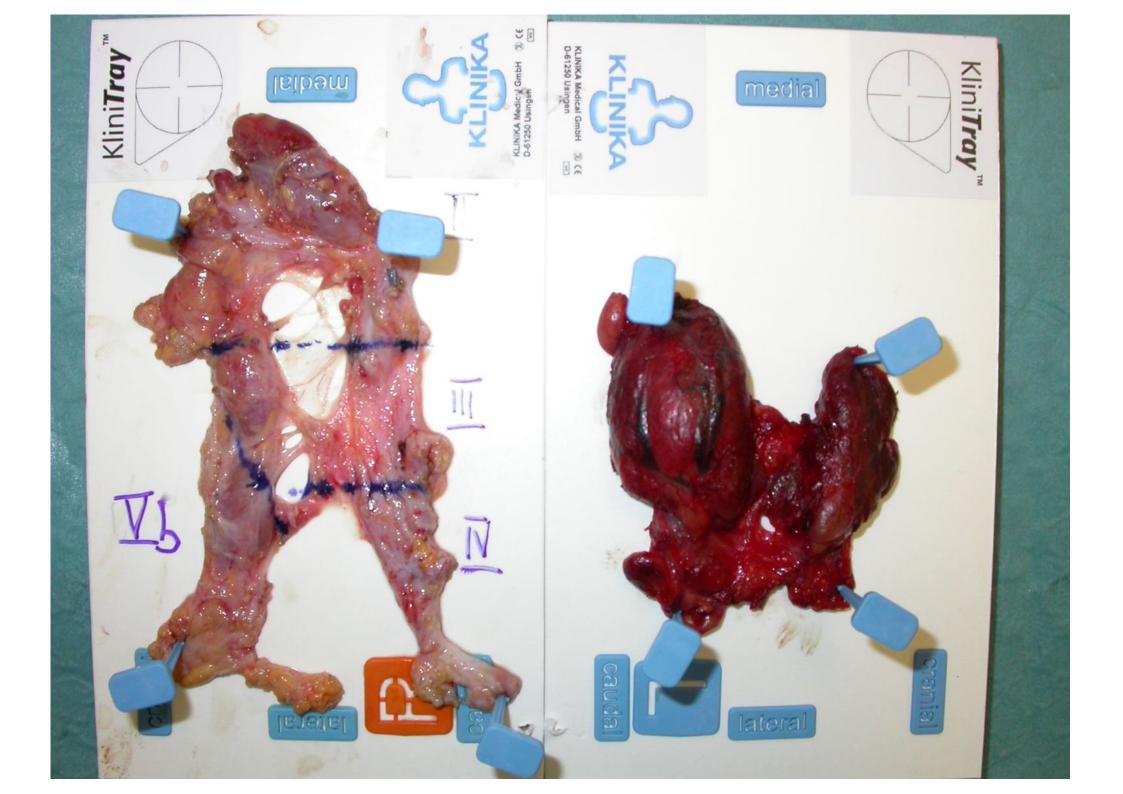




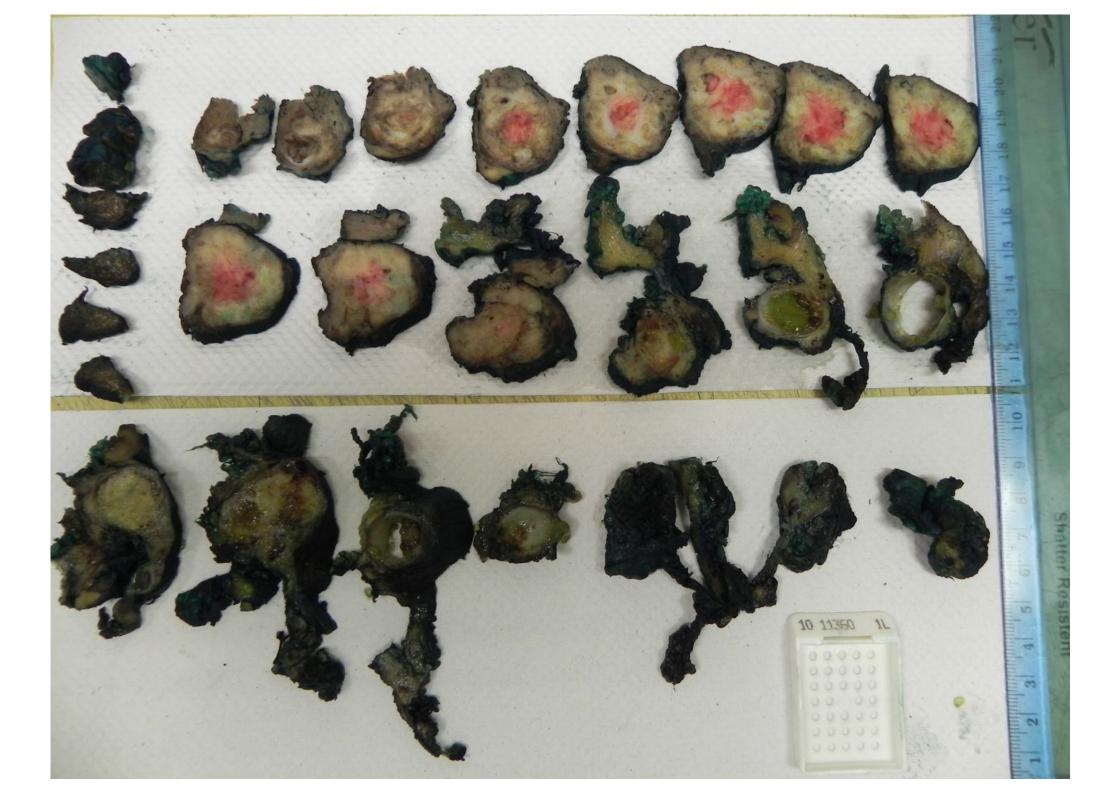
Blocks – malignant lesions

- Tumour
- Margins
- Soft tissue extension
- Adjacent thyroid + other lesions
- Lymph nodes

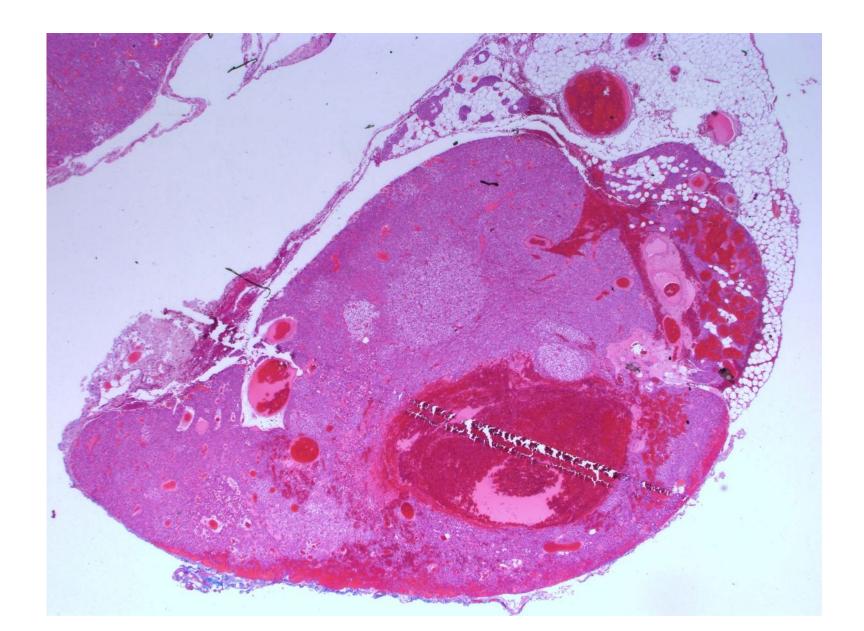








Parathyroid





- Hyperplasia
- Adenoma

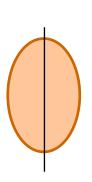
- Parathyroidectomy
 - Single gland
 - Multiple glands
 - Part of a gland

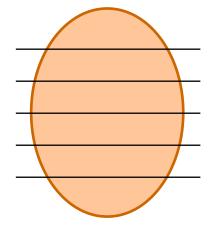
Carcinoma

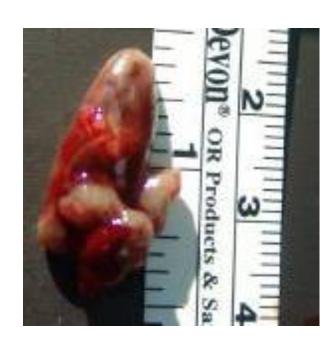
En block resection

Benign lesions

- Measure
- Weigh
- Bisect / bread loaf
- Submit entirely









- No officially accepted system
- MSKCC proposed system

Stage I: T1N0M0

Stage II: T2N0M0

Stage IIIA: T3N0M0

Stage IIIB: T4N0M0

Stage IIIC: Any T, N1, M0;

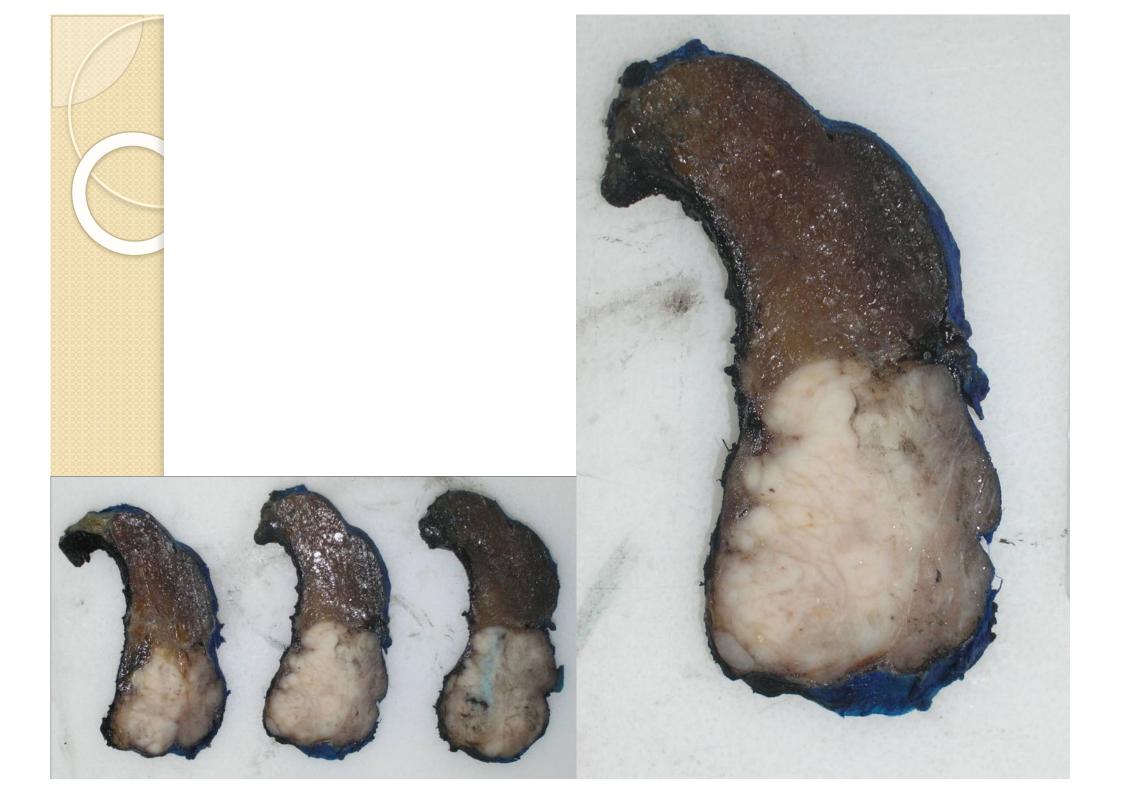
Stage IV: Any T, Any N, M1

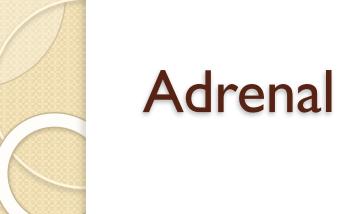
- TI = Primary tumor < 3 cm.
- T2= Primary tumor > 3 cm.
- T3= Primary tumor of any size with invasion of the surrounding soft tissues, such as the thyroid gland, strap muscles, etc.
- T4= Massive central compartment disease invading the trachea and esophagus or recurrent parathyroid carcinoma.
- N0= No regional lymph node metastases.
- NI = Regional lymph node metastases.
- M0= No evidence of distant metastases.
- MI = Evidence of distant metastasis.

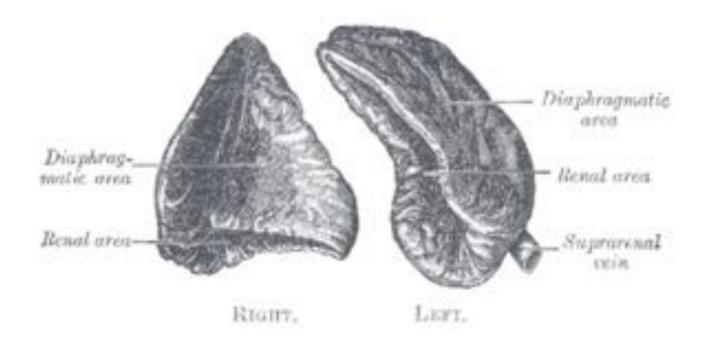
Malignant lesions – en bloc resections

- Orient if possible
- Measure
- Ink
- Serially slice
- Blocks
 - Tumour
 - Margins
 - Soft tissue extension
 - Lymph nodes
 - Thymus











Indications

- Unilateral hyperplasia
- Adenoma
 - Conn's
 - Cushing's
 - Virilizing syndromes

- Adrenocortical carcinoma
- Phaemochromcytoma
- Neuroblastic tumours
- Metastasis



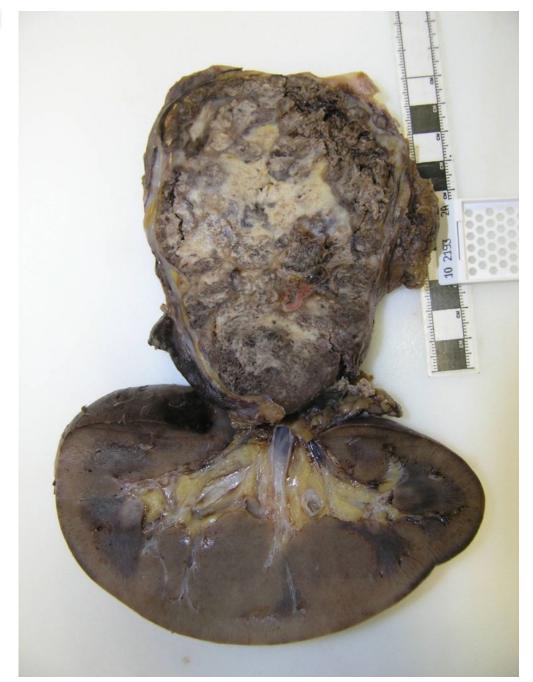
Type of specimen

- Adrenalectomy
- Adrenalectomy with nephrectomy
- Adrenalectomy with kidney + other organs



Type of specimen

- Adrenalectomy
- Adrenalectomy with nephrectomy
- Adrenalectomy
 with kidney + other
 organs





Primary Tumor

- pTX :Primary tumor cannot be assessed
- pT0 : No evidence of primary tumor
- pTI: Tumor 5 cm or less in greatest dimension, no extraadrenal invasion
- pT2: Tumor > 5 cm, no extraadrenal invasion
- pT3: Tumor of any size with local invasion, but not invading adjacent organs
- pT4: Tumor of any size with invasion of adjacent organs

Adjacent organs include kidney, diaphragm, great vessels, pancreas, and liver.

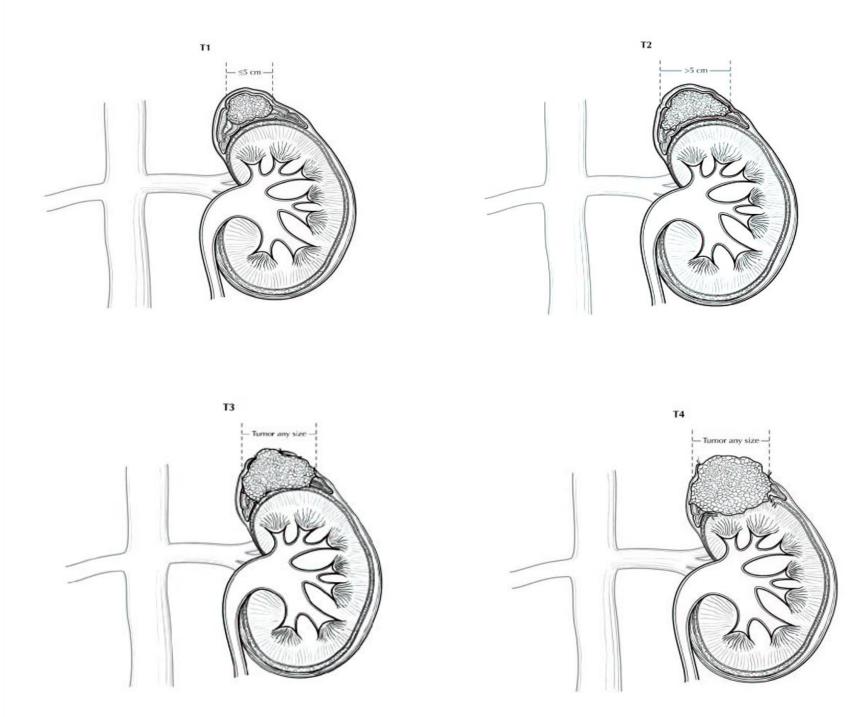
Regional Lymph Nodes

- pN0: Negative regional nodes
- pN1: Positive regional nodes

Regional lymph nodes include aortic (para-aortic and peri-aortic) and retroperitoneal (peri-nephric and peri-adrenal).

Distant Metastasis

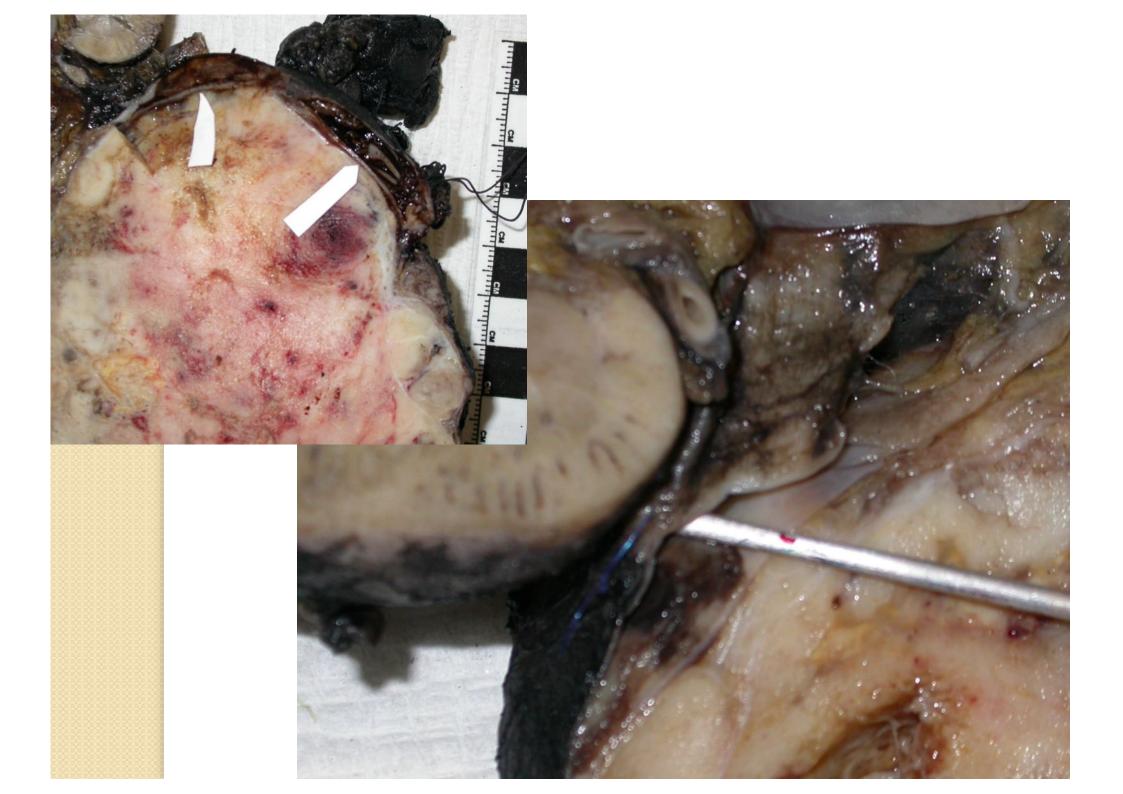
- pM0: No distant metastasis
- pMI: Distant metastasis



CAP: Adrenal cancer checklist / protocol 2011

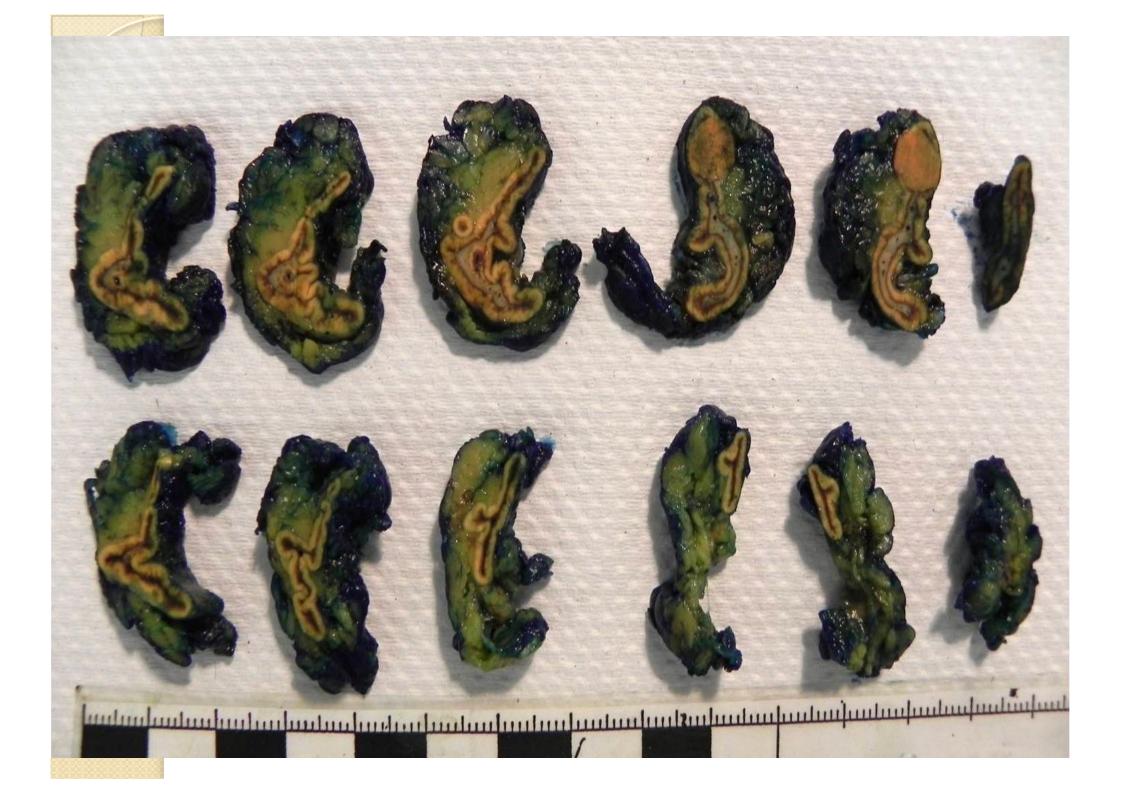
ENSAT system of staging

	UICC / TNM7			ENSAT system		
	Criteria	5 year survival rate		Criteria	5 year survival rate	
		Ref 3	Ref 4		Ref 3	Ref 4
Stage I	pTI N0 M0	82%	74%	Same as TNM7	82%	74%
Stage 2	PT2 N0 M0	58%	64%	Same as TNM7	61%	64%
Stage 3	pT1-2 N1 M0 pT3 N0 M0	55%	57%	Tumour with any one of the following: Involved lymph nodes Extradrenal tissue infiltration Venous tumour thrombus in renal vein or IVC	50%	44%
Stage 4	pT3 N1 M0 pT4 N0 M0 pT1-4 N0-1 M1	18%	12%	Any tumour with distant metastasis	13%	7%



Cut up

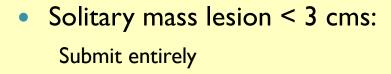
- Adrenal + periadrenal fat
- Adrenal medullary vein
- Remove vascular clamp / staple
- Measure (entire + tumour dimensions [if possible])
- Do not seperate fat from adrenal
- If tumour capsule visible document for breaches.
- Ink
- Serially slice
- Measure tumour



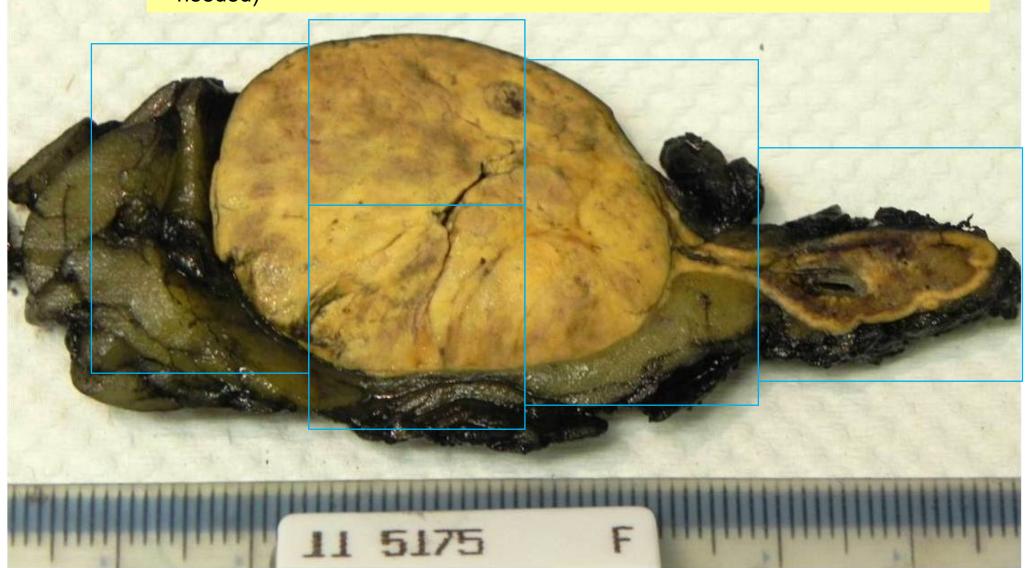


- Hyperplasia multiple representative
 - + adjacent adrenal (cortex + medulla)
 - + lymph nodes
 - + peri-adrenal fat (if needed)





- Solitary mass lesion > 3 cms:
 Representative of lesion (atleast 1 / cm)
- + adjacent adrenal (cortex + medulla), + lymph nodes, + peri-adrenal fat (if needed)





Phaeochromocytoma





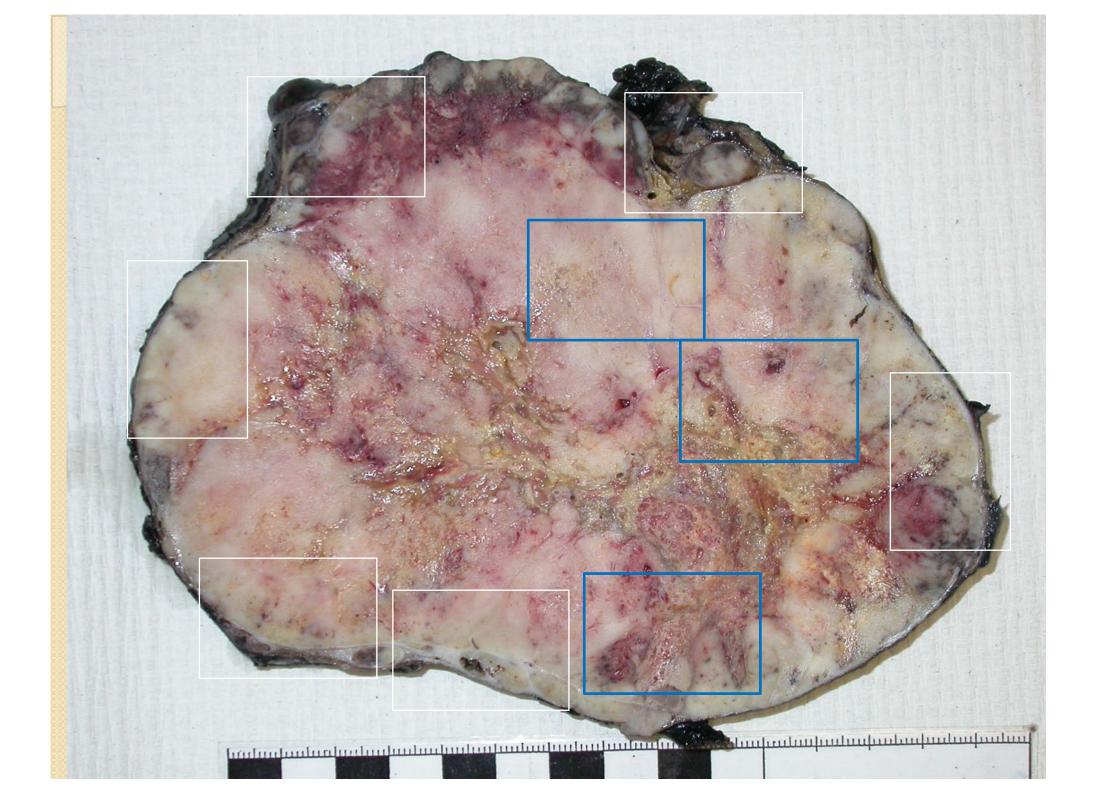


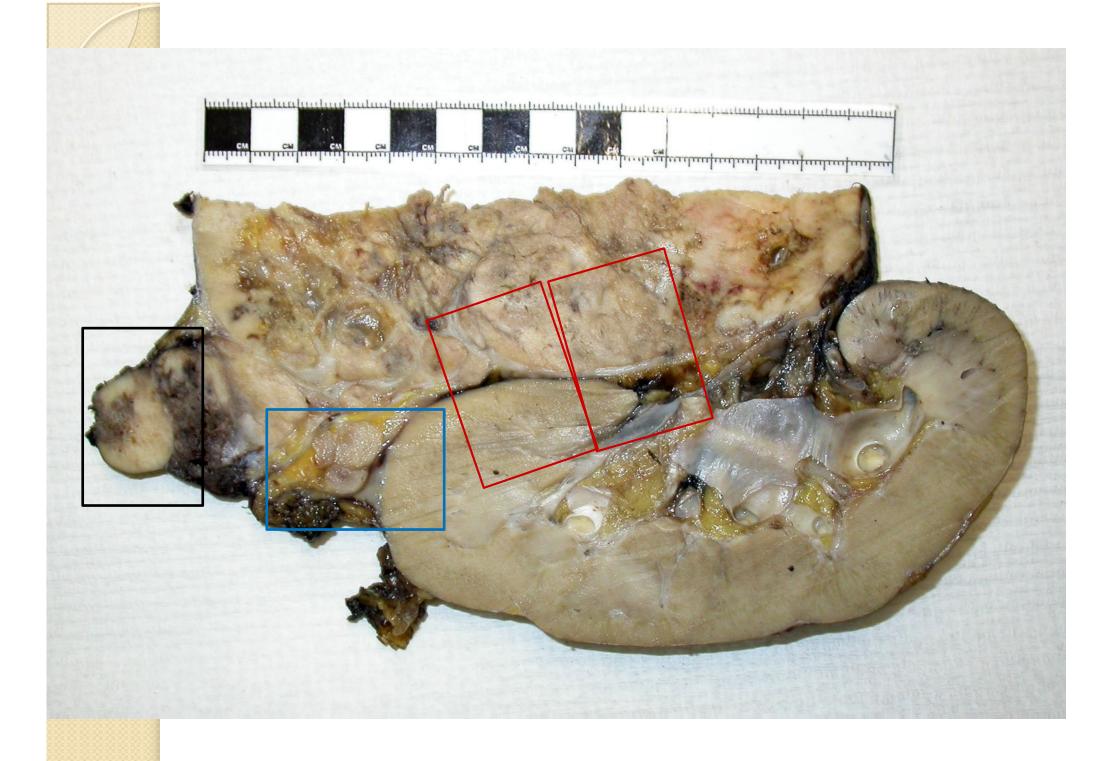
Blocks - malignant

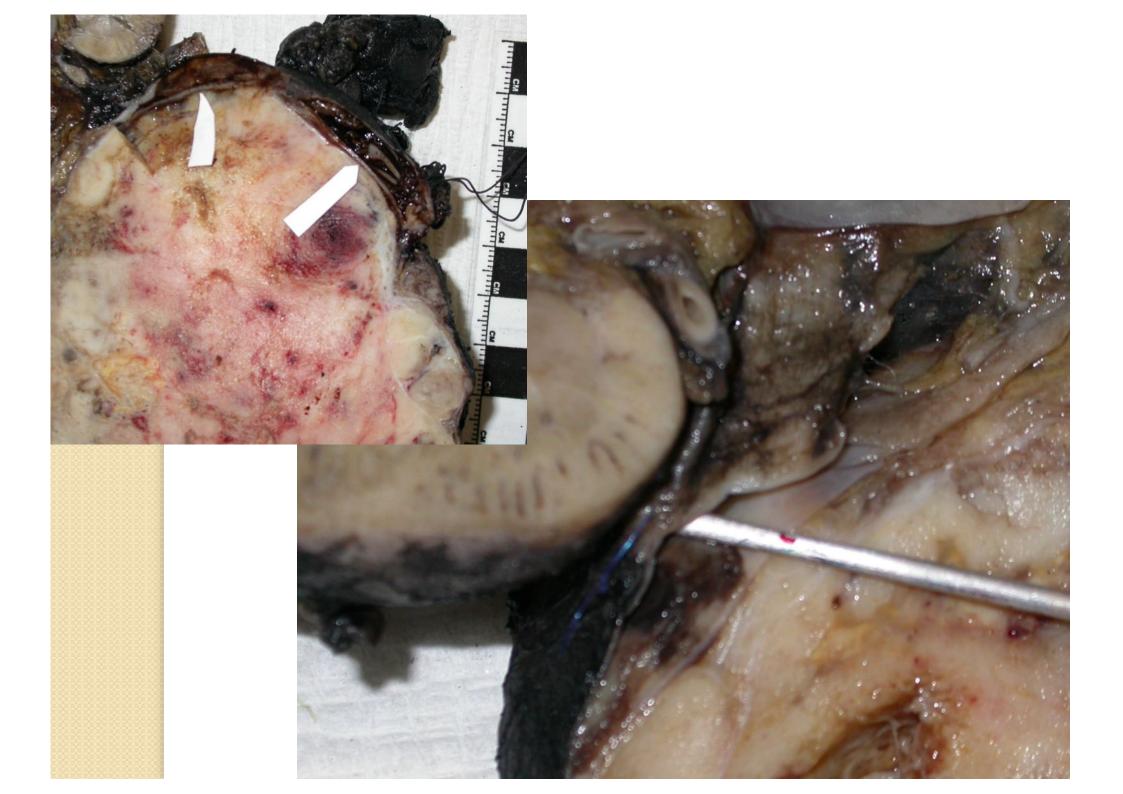
- Tumour (at least I / cm)
- Sample areas with differing appearances including some of necrotic zones.
- Capsule
- Extra-adrenal extension
- Margins
- Vessels
- Venous tumour thrombi
- Lymph nodes
- Soft tissue deposits

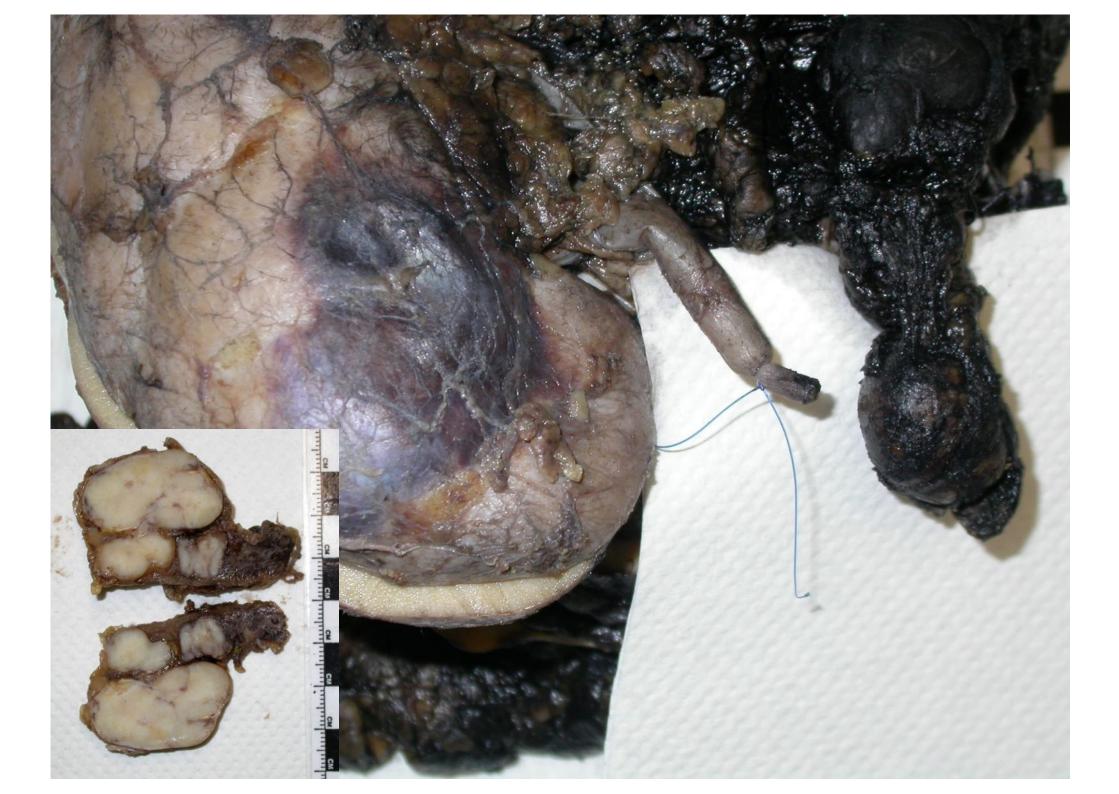
Malignant masses













Resources

- RCPath datasets
 - Thyroid
 - Parathyroid
 - Adrenal

- College of American
 Pathologists Cancer checklists
 - Thyroid
 - Adrenal
- http://www.cap.org